

H3C S6530X Series Advanced Aggregation 10GE Switches Datasheet

Product overview

H3C S6530X series switches provide industry-leading high performance and scalable aggregation switching solution with modular dual power, fixed uplinks (40GE/100GE) and IRF for resiliency. The series offers OSPF/BGP and multicast, SDN enabled and flexible management.

The S6530X series switches include the following models:

S6530X-24X8C

24x1GE/10GE SFP+ Ports, 8x40GE/100GE QSFP28 Ports, 5xfan tray slots, and 2xpower module slots.

S6530X-48X8C

48x1GE/10GE SFP+ Ports, 8x40GE/100GE QSFP28 Ports, 5xfan tray slots, and 2xpower module slots.

Views



S6530X-24X8C



S6530X-48X8C

Features and highlights

High-density 10GE forwarding

The switch offers high-density 10GE forwarding. It provides powerful hardware forwarding capacity and abundant campus features. It provides up to 48/24*1GE/10GE autosensing SFP+ ports and 8*100G ports. The switch supports modular power modules and fan trays. By using different fan trays, the switch can provide field changeable airflows.

Embedded access controller

H3C S6530X series switches implement the WLAN function by installing an AC feature pack on the main control unit, thereby implementing both the wired function and the WLAN function on a single device. Embedded AC is a low-cost WLAN solution, save overall investment, improve forwarding capacity, realized a true unified wired and wireless solution in Campus. Max 2K AP supported on one single switches.

H3C intelligent resilient framework 2 (IRF2)

H3C Intelligent Resilient Framework 2 (IRF 2) virtualizes multiple S6530X switches into one virtual switch and provides the following benefits:

Scalability

IRF 2 allows you to add devices to the IRF 2 system easily. It provides a single point of management, enables switch plug-and-play, and supports software auto-update for software synchronization from the master to the new member devices. It brings business agility with lower total cost of ownership by allowing new switches to be added to the fabric without network topology change as business grows.

High availability

The H3C proprietary routing hot backup technology ensures redundancy and backup of all information on the control and data planes and non-stop Layer 3 data forwarding in an IRF 2 fabric. It also eliminates single point of failure and ensures service continuity.

Redundancy and load balancing

The distributed link aggregation technology supports load sharing and mutual backup among multiple uplinks, which enhances the network redundancy and improves link resources usage.

Flexibility and resiliency

The switch uses standard GE ports instead of specialized ports for IRF links between IRF member devices. This allows customers to assign bandwidth as needed between uplink, downlink, and IRF system connections. In addition, an S6530X IRF fabric can span a rack, multiple racks, or multiple campuses.

Wide range of advanced features

The switch offers a wide range of features, including:

Modular hardware and software design

The switch uses modular, hot swapping, and redundancy design for hardware, including power modules and fan trays. The switch also uses modular design for software, which enables feature installation and removal on an as-needed basis. Refined physical architecture and optimized software workflows greatly reduce the end-to-end packet processing delay.

Software-defined networking (SDN)

An innovative network architecture that separates the control plane from the forwarding plane, typically by using OpenFlow. SDN significantly simplifies network management, reduces maintenance complexities, and costs, enables flexible traffic management, and offers a good platform for network and application innovations.

Virtual eXtensible LAN (VXLAN)

A MAC-in-UDP technology that provides Layer 2 connectivity between distant network sites across an IP network. VXLAN enables long-distance virtual machine and data mobility and is typically used in data centers and the access layer of campus networks for multitenant services. The H3C implementation of VXLAN supports automatic VXLAN tunnel establishment with EVPN.

Ethernet virtual private network (EVPN)

Ethernet Virtual Private Network (EVPN) is a Layer 2 VPN technology that provides both Layer 2 and Layer 3 connectivity between distant network sites across an IP network. EVPN uses MP-BGP in the control plane and VXLAN in the data plane. EVPN provides the following benefits: Configuration automation; Separation of the control plane and the data plane; Integrated routing and bridging (IRB).

In-service software upgrade (ISSU)

In-Service Software Upgrade (ISSU) and Operation, Administration, and Maintenance (OAM)—Ensure business continuity and improve Ethernet management and maintainability.

Comprehensive security control policies

The switch supports AAA authentications (including RADIUS authentication) and dynamic or static binding of user identifiers such as user account, IP address, MAC address, VLAN, and port number. Using the switch in conjunction with H3C iMC, you can manage and monitor online users in real time and take prompt action on illegitimate behaviors.

The switch offers significant inbound and outbound ACLs and VLAN-based ACL assignment. This simplifies configurations and saves ACL resources.

MACsec

MACsec is an ideal hop-by-hop link-layer security protocol for Ethernet networks, which are typically insecure. It provides the following services:

Data encryption

Encrypts data over the Ethernet link to protect data against security issues such as eavesdropping.

Anti-replay

Prevents packets from being intercepted and modified on the route to protect the network against unauthorized access.

Tampering protection

Prevents packet tampering to protect data integrity.

MACsec supports the following deployments:

Client-oriented

Protects data transmission over the link between the client and its access device.

Device-oriented mode

Protects data transmission over the link between two peering devices.

The switch can cooperate with H3C iNode client and core switches such as S10500X-G and S7500X-G to provide a complete MACsec solution.

High availability

In addition to node and link protection, the switch offers the following hardware high availability features:

- 1+1 hot-swappable power module redundancy and 5 fan tray redundancy.
- Automatic power and fan tray status monitoring and alarming mechanisms.
- Automatic fan speed adjustment based on the change in temperature.
- Self-protection mechanisms that protect power modules against overcurrent, overvoltage, and overtemperature conditions.
- Support hardware-level dual boot, use two FLASH chips to store boot software (system boot program), realize hardware-level boot redundancy backup, and avoid the failure of the switch to start due to FLASH chip failure.

Outstanding management capacity

The switch provides a variety of management features and is easy to manage. It offers the following device management features:

- Provides multiple management interfaces, including the console port, out-of-band management Ethernet port, and

USB port.

- Supports configuration and management from CLI or H3C iMC Intelligent Management Center.
- Supports multiple access methods, including SNMPv1/v2/v3, Telnet, and more secure SSH 2.0 and SSL.
- Uses OAM to enhance system management capability.
- Supports FTP for system upgrade.

Precision time protocol (PTP)

H3C S6530X series switches support the 1588V2 function to meet the high-precision time synchronization requirements between network devices. Compared with GPS time synchronization with the same precision, it improves security and lowers deployment costs.

Intelligent network quality analyzer (iNQA)

H3C S6530X series switches support iNQA. iNQA provides the following benefits:

True measurement results

iNQA measures the service packets directly to calculate packet loss results, thus reflecting the real network quality.

Wide application range

Applicable to Layer 2 network and Layer 3 IP network. iNQA supports the network-level and direct link measurement flexibly.

Fast fault location

iNQA obtains the packet loss time, packet loss location, and number of lost packets in real time.

Applicable to different applications

You can apply iNQA to multiple scenarios, such as point-to-point, point-to-multipoint, and multipoint-to-multipoint.

Enhanced media delivery index (eMDI)

eMDI is a solution to audio and video service quality monitoring and fault locating. It is intended to solve problems caused by packet loss, packet sequence errors, and jitters.

eMDI monitors and analyzes specific TCP or RTP packets on each node of an IP network in real time, providing data for quickly locating network faults.

Smart management center (SmartMC)

SmartMC is H3C's latest offering and innovation that helps small and middle size enterprise network to address management issue and is free of charge, easy to use web management tool. SmartMC is embedded network management tool into the switch, it includes commander switches and other access switches.

SmartMC delivers the following benefits:

Intelligent operation

Once the switch is powered on and SmartMC function is enabled, topology will be created automatically, and user can go enhanced web GUI to check the latest status.

Centralized management

All management can be achieved via commander switch such as centralized configuration backup, and software version management, increasing working efficiency.

One key device replacement

In case of one switch failure, the new added same type switch can download the same configuration and work as old switch immediately.

Software defined network (SDN)

Software Defined Network (SDN) is an innovative network architecture that simplifies network management and reduces maintenance complexity by separating network control layer and network forwarding layer through OpenFlow. More importantly, it implements flexible network flow control and provides a well-defined network platform for core network application and innovation.

H3C S6530X series switches support a large network flow table. Combined with H3C AD Campus Platform, it can easily implement a two-layer network architecture and quickly add functions in existing network in order to drastically reduce network management complexity while substantially lowers network maintenance cost.

Cloud Management (Cloudnet)

H3C S6530X series switches support cloud management by H3C Cloudnet. H3C Cloudnet is a H3C-proprietary comprehensive operation management and maintenance platform. Based on H3C unified O&M cloud platform (known as U-center), It provides a light-weight and multi-service platform to manage network and a powerful O&M service for small business. It uses Kubernetes for containerized applications and a fully distributed architecture to provide management of networks, terminals, users and service enabling features. With management and monitoring of multiple network services, the platform breaks the data barriers between services caused by isolated and vertical service deployment. H3C Cloudnet supports the delivery model of public clouds and provides customers with comprehensive network solutions to meet the needs of customers from different industries and operators.

Multichassis link aggregation group (M-LAG)

H3C S6530X switch series support M-LAG, which enables links of multiple switches to aggregate into one to implement device-level link backup. M-LAG is applicable to servers dual-homed to a pair of access devices for node redundancy.

Streamlined topology

M-LAG simplifies the network topology and spanning tree configuration by virtualizing two physical devices into one logical device.

Independent upgrading

The DR member devices can be upgraded independently one by one to minimize the impact on traffic forwarding.

High availability

The DR system uses a keepalive link to detect multi-active collision to ensure that only one member device forwards traffic after a DR system splits.

Visualization ability

H3C S6530X series switches support Telemetry technology, which can send the switch's real-time resource information and alarm information to the O&M platform through the gRPC protocol.

The platform can realize network quality backtracking, troubleshooting, risk early warning, architecture optimization and other functions to accurately guarantee user experience by analyzing real-time data.

Technical specifications

Hardware specifications

Item	S6530X-24X8C	S6530X-48X8C
Port switching capacity	2.08Tbps	2.56Tbps
Packet forwarding rate	1560Mpps	1920Mpps
Box Switching capacity	4.8Tbps	
CPU	Quad core, 2GHz	
SDRAM	4GB	
Flash	4GB	
Packet buffer	36M	
Latency	10GE:<3 (64byte/us) 100GE:<1.2 (64byte/us)	
Dimensions (H x W x D)	44 x 440 x 400 mm (1.73 x 17.32 x 15.75 in)	
Weight	≤ 7.3 kg	≤ 7.6 kg
Console ports	1 RJ45	
Management Ethernet ports	1 RJ45 (Out of Band)	
USB ports	1	
SFP+ (GE/10G)	24	48

Item	S6530X-24X8C	S6530X-48X8C
QSFP28 (40G/100G)	8	8
Power supply slots	2	
Fan trays	5 hot swappable fan trays, invertible airflow	
Input voltage range	AC: Rated: 100 VAC to 240 VAC @ 50 Hz/60 Hz Max: 90 VAC to 264 VAC @ 47 Hz to 63 Hz	
	HVDC: Rated voltage range: 240V DC Max voltage range: 180V~320V DC	
	DC: Rated voltage range: - 48 to - 60 VDC Max voltage range: - 36 to - 72 VDC	
MTBF(Year)	10	10
MTTR(Hour)	1	1
Power consumption	MIN: Single Power Input: 76W; Dual Power Input: 83W.	MIN: Single Power Input: 76W; Dual Power Input: 83W.
	MAX: Single Power Input: 186W; Dual Power Input: 191W.	MAX: Single Power Input: 217W; Dual Power Input: 221W.
Operating temperature	-5°C to 45°C (23°F to 113°F)	
	-60m-5000m altitude: From 0m, the maximum operating temperature reduce by 0.33°C for every time 100 the altitude increases by 100m.	
Storage temperature	-40°C to 70°C(-40°F to 158°F)	
Operating & storage humidity	5% RH to 95% RH, non-condensing	

Note: This content is applicable only to regions outside mainland China. H3C reserves the right to interpret the content.

Software specifications

Item	S6530X series switches
VLAN	VLAN ID range 0 to 4095(Total 4096, 0 and 4095 are reserved) Access/Trunk/Hybrid VLAN Port-based VLAN MAC-based VLAN IP subnet-based VLAN

Item	S6530X series switches
	<p>protocol-based VLAN</p> <p>IEEE 802.1P(CoS priority)</p> <p>Super VLAN</p> <p>Private VLAN</p> <p>Voice VLAN</p> <p>QinQ (802.1Q-in-802.1Q)</p> <p>Vlan mapping</p> <p>Static/Dynamic/Blackhole/Multiport unicast MAC</p> <p>MAC automatic learning and aging</p> <p>Port-based/VLAN-based MAC learning limit</p> <p>MAC filter</p> <p>Port isolation</p> <p>Loop detection (VLAN and VXLAN network)</p> <p>MVRP (Multiple VLAN Registration Protocol)</p> <p>GVRP (Generic VLAN Registration Protocol)</p> <p>STP (Spanning tree protocol)</p> <p>RSTP (Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol)</p> <p>MSTP (Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol)</p> <p>PVST (Per-VLAN Spanning Tree) (compatible with PVST+/RPVST+)</p> <p>BPDU/root/loop/TC-BPDU/PVST BPDU/dispute loopback guard</p> <p>BPDU filter</p> <p>Role/TC-BPDU transmission restriction</p> <p>LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol) and LLDP-MED</p> <p>DCBX (Data Center Bridging Exchange Protocol)</p> <p>Broadcast/multicast/unknown unicast storm constrain</p> <p>Jumbo frame</p> <p>L2PT (Layer 2 Protocol Tunneling)</p> <p>Store-and-forward (Default)</p> <p>Cut-through-forward</p>
Ethernet configuration	<p>Static aggregation</p> <p>Dynamic aggregation</p> <p>10GE/25G/40GE/100GE port aggregation</p> <p>LACP (Link Aggregation Control Protocol)</p> <p>S-MLAG</p> <p>M-LAG (Multichassis Link Aggregation)</p> <p>AutoMDIX</p>

Item	S6530X series switches
	Duplex Auto/Full/Half
IP services	Static/Dynamic/Gratuitous/proxy ARP ARP snooping/fast-reply/direct route advertisement/ping ARP attack detection ARP source suppression DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) DHCP Server/relay agent/client/snooping DNS (Domain Name System) DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name System) mDNS (Multicast Domain Name System) IRDP (ICMP Router Discovery Protocol) UDP helper ND (Neighbor Discovery) ND snooping/proxy/direct route advertisement/ping DHCPv6 Server/relay agent/client/snooping/guard GRE (Generic Routing Encapsulation) HTTP redirect GRE tunneling VXLAN tunneling and VXLAN-DCI tunneling IPv4/IPv6 over IPv4 tunneling, and IPv4/IPv6 over IPv6 tunneling IPv4/IPv6 Fast Forwarding
Routing	Static routing, RIP, OSPF, IS-IS, and BGP IPv4/IPv6 dual stack IPv4/IPv6 ECMP (Equal-cost multi-path routing) IPv4/IPv6 PBR (Policy-based routing) IPv4/IPv6 Routing policy IPv6 static routing, RIPng, OSPFv3, IS-ISv6, and BGP4+ Pingv6, Telnetv6, FTPv6, TFTPv6, DNSv6, ICMPv6 Dual-stack PBR
Forwarding	Hardware-based (ASIC)Wire-speed/Line-rate architecture
Multicast	PIM-DM, PIM-SM, PIM-SSM, and Any-RP PIM snooping MSDP (Multicast Source Discovery Protocol) IGMPv1/IGMPv2/IGMPv3 IGMP proxying IGMP Snooping

Item	S6530X series switches
	IGMP snooping proxying IGMP Filter and IGMP Fast leave IPv6 PIM-DM, PIM-SM, PIM-SSM, and Any-RP IPv6 PIM snooping MLDv1/MLDV2 MLD proxying MLD Snooping MLD snooping proxying Multicast routing and forwarding Multicast VLAN MVPN (Multicast VPN) Multicast policy and Multicast QoS
ACL/QoS	ACL (Access Control List) Advanced ACL User-defined ACL Ingress and Egress ACL Ingress/Egress CAR Diff-Serv QoS Eight queues on a port 802.1P/DSCP Priority marking and remarking 802.1p, TOS, DSCP, and EXP priority mapping Flexible queue scheduling algorithms including SP, WRR, SP+WRR, WFQ, SP+WRR Traffic shaping Time ranges Traffic classification based on source MAC, destination MAC, source IP, destination IP, port, protocol, and VLAN Congestion avoidance, Tail-Drop, RED (Random Early Detection) and WRED (Weighted Random Early Detection)
MPLS	Static LSP (label switched path) LDP (Label Distribution Protocol) IPv6 LDP Tunnel policies VRF MPLS L2VPN MPLS L3VPN MPLS Ping/Tracert MCE (Multi-VPN Instance Customer Edge) IPv6 MCE

Item	S6530X series switches
	MPLS OAM SRv6
Security	RBAC (Role-based access control) AAA (Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting) RADIUS (Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service) TACACS (Terminal Access Controller Access Control System) HWTACACS (HW Terminal Access Controller Access Control System) (Same authentication processes and implementations with TACACS+) 802.1X authentication Portal authentication MAC authentication Web authentication Triple authentication Port security SSH1.x and SSH2.0 (Secure Shell) SSL (Secure Sockets Layer) HTTPs Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) Control Plane Protection (CoPP), Wireless Intrusion Prevention System (WIPS) Attack detection and prevention TCP attack prevention IPSG (IP source guard) IPv6 RA Guard ARP attack protection ND attack protection Sticky MAC uRPF (Unicast Reverse Path Forwarding) MFF (MAC-forced forwarding) SAVI (Source Address Validation Improvement) FIPS (Federal Information Processing Standards) MACsec (Media Access Control Security) All ports AES256 MACsec Microsegmentation Hierarchical user management and password protection EAD (Endpoint Admission Defense) Basic and advanced ACLs for packet filtering OSPF, RIPv2, BGPv4 plain text and MD5 authentication
High availability	Ethernet OAM (IEEE 802.3ah)

Item	S6530X series switches
	<p>CFD (Connectivity Fault Detection) (IEEE 802.1ag and ITU-T Y.1731)</p> <p>DLDP (Device Link Detection Protocol)</p> <p>RRPP (Rapid Ring Protection Protocol)</p> <p>ERPS (G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching)</p> <p>Smart Link</p> <p>Monitor Link</p> <p>VRRPv2(Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol)</p> <p>VRRPv3</p> <p>BFD (Bidirectional forwarding detection)</p> <p>Hardware BFD</p> <p>BFD for VRRP/BGP/IS-IS/OSPF/RSPV/static routing, with a failover detection time less than 50 milliseconds</p> <p>Track</p> <p>Process redundancy/placement</p> <p>CPU protection</p> <p>Hot patching</p> <p>Link aggregation</p> <p>VCT (virtual cable test)</p> <p>Smart-Link</p> <p>Secure boot</p> <p>ISSU (In-Service Software Upgrade)</p>
Network management	<p>NQA (Network quality analyzer)</p> <p>iNQA (Intelligent Network Quality Analyzer)</p> <p>Performance management through gRPC or NETCONF</p> <p>NTP (Network Time Protocol)</p> <p>PTP (Precision Time Protocol) IEEE 1588 version 2/IEEE 802.1AS/SMPTE ST 2059-2/AES67-2015</p> <p>SNMPv1/SNMPv2c/SNMPv3</p> <p>RMON (Remote Network Monitoring) and groups 1,2,3 and 9</p> <p>NETCONF/YANG (XML-based network management protocol)</p> <p>RESTful/RESTconf API</p> <p>EAA (Embedded Automation Architecture)</p> <p>Port mirroring SPAN (Switch Port Analyzer)/RSPAN (Remote SPAN)</p> <p>Flow mirroring</p> <p>NetStream/IPv6 NetStream</p> <p>sFlow</p> <p>Information center</p> <p>VCF (Virtual Converged Framework)</p>

Item	S6530X series switches
	<p>CWMP (CPE WAN Management Protocol/TR-069)</p> <p>Fault alarm and automatic fault recovery</p> <p>System logs</p> <p>Alarming based on severity</p> <p>Power, fan, and temperature alarming</p> <p>Debugging information output</p> <p>Device status monitoring mechanism, including the CPU engine, backplane, chips, and other key components</p> <p>Configuration through CLI, Telnet, and console port</p> <p>Zero Touch Provisioning</p> <p>Loading and upgrading through XModem/FTP/TFTP/SFTP/USB</p> <p>Embedded AC, maximum support management 2K AP</p> <p>iMC network management system</p> <p>SmartMC (embedded Smart Graphical Management Center)</p> <p>Support LLDP-MIB</p> <p>Support Entity MIB</p>
Stacking	<p>Intelligent Resilient Framework 2 (IRF2) (fast convergence within 50ms)</p> <p>Distributed device management</p> <p>Distributed link aggregation</p> <p>Distributed resilient routing</p> <p>Stacking through standard Ethernet ports</p> <p>Local device stacking and remote device stacking</p> <p>LACP-, BFD-, and ARP-based multi-active detection (MAD)</p>
Automatic configuration	<p>Server-based automatic configuration</p> <p>USB-based automatic configuration</p>
Programmability and automation	<p>Ansible</p> <p>Auto DevOps by using Python, NETCONF, TCL, and RESTful/RESTconf API for automated network programming</p>
Visualization	<p>gRPC (Google remote procedure call)</p> <p>INT (Inband Telemetry)</p> <p>Flow group</p>
OpenFlow	<p>OpenFlow 1.3</p> <p>Multiple controllers (EQUAL, master/slave)</p> <p>Multiple tables flow</p> <p>Group table</p>
VXLAN	<p>VXLAN L2 switching</p> <p>VXLAN L3 routing</p> <p>Centralized VXLAN gateway</p>

Item	S6530X series switches
	Distributed VXLAN gateway VXLAN M-LAG VXLAN-DCI OVSDB (Open vSwitch Database) VXLAN VTEP MP-BGP EVPN control plane EVPN VXLAN EVPN M-LAG
Intelligent lossless network	PFC (Priority-based Flow Control) ECN (Explicit Congestion Notification) IPCC (Intelligent Proactive Congestion Control) iNOF (Intelligent Lossless NVMe Over Fabric)
EMC	FCC Part 15 Subpart B CLASS A ICES-003 CLASS A VCCI CLASS A CISPR 32 CLASS A EN 55032 CLASS A CISPR 35 AS/NZS CISPR 32 EN 55035 EN 61000-3-2 EN 61000-3-3 ETSI EN 300 386
Safety	UL 62368-1 CSA C22.2 No. 62368-1-14 IEC 62368-1 EN 62368-1 EN 60825-1 AS/NZS 62368-1 GB 4943.1
RoHS	EU RoHS2.0 Directive China RoHS 2.0

Performance specifications

Model	S6530X series switches
MAC address entries(max)	576K
VLAN (active VLAN)	4094
VLAN interface	4094
IPv4 routing entries(max)	768K
IPv4 ARP entries(max)	94K
IPv4 ACL entries	Ingress: 26K Egress: 2K
IPv4 multicast L2 entries	8K
IPv4 multicast L3 entries	8K
IPv6 unicast routing entries(max)	144K
IPv6 ACL entries	Ingress: 13K Egress: 1K
IPv6 ND entries(max)	48K
IPv6 multicast L2 entries	8K
IPv6 multicast L3 entries	8K
QOS forward queues	8
OSPF areas	128
OSPF adjacencies	512
VRF number	4K
Interface number per VRF	4K
Jumbo frame length	13312
Link group num	256
Max num in one link group	64
Max stacking member	9
Max stacking bandwidth	800Gbps

Standards and protocols compliance

Organization	Standards and protocols
IEEE	802.1x Port based network access control protocol
	802.1ab Link Layer Discovery Protocol
	802.1ak MVRP and MRP
	802.1ax Link Aggregation

Organization	Standards and protocols
	802.1d Media Access Control Bridges 802.1p Priority 802.1q VLANs 802.1s Multiple Spanning Trees 802.1ag Connectivity Fault Management 802.1v VLAN classification by Protocol and Port 802.1w Rapid Reconfiguration of Spanning Tree 802.3 CSMA/CD 802.3ad Link Aggregation Control Protocol 802.3ah Ethernet in the First Mile 802.3x Full Duplex and flow control 802.3az Energy Efficient Ethernet 802.3u 100BASE-T 802.3ab 1000BASE-T 802.3z 1000BASE-X 802.3ae 10-Gigabit Ethernet 802.3by 25 Gbps 802.3ba 40/100G Ethernet
IETF	RFC 1213 MIB-2 Stands for Management Information Base RFC 2374 An IPv6 Aggregatable Global Unicast Address Format RFC 2570 Introduction to Version 3 of the Internet-standard Network Management Framework RFC 2711 IPv6 Router Alert Option RFC 2787 Definitions of Managed Objects for the Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol RFC 2893 Transition Mechanisms for IPv6 Hosts and Routers RFC 2918 Route Refresh Capability for BGP-4 RFC 2925 Definitions of Managed Objects for Remote Ping, Traceroute, and Lookup Operations RFC 2934 Protocol Independent Multicast MIB for IPv4 RFC 3101 OSPF Not-so-stubby-area option RFC 3019 MLDv1 MIB RFC 3046 DHCP Relay Agent Information Option RFC 3056 Connection of IPv6 Domains via IPv4 Clouds RFC 3065 Autonomous System Confederation for BGP RFC 3137 OSPF Stub Router Advertisement sFlow RFC 3376 IGMPv3 RFC 3416 (SNMP Protocol Operations v2)

Organization	Standards and protocols
	RFC 3417 (SNMP Transport Mappings)
	RFC 3418 Management Information Base (MIB) for the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)
	RFC 3484 Default Address Selection for IPv6
	RFC 3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF Area Border Routers
	RFC 3580 IEEE 802.1X Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS) Usage Guidelines
	RFC 3587 IPv6 Global Unicast Address Format
	RFC 3623 Graceful OSPF Restart
	RFC 3768 Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)
	RFC 3810 Multicast Listener Discovery Version 2 (MLDv2) for IPv6
	RFC 3973 PIM Dense Mode
	RFC 4022 MIB for TCP
	RFC 4113 MIB for UDP
	RFC 4213 Basic Transition Mechanisms for IPv6 Hosts and Routers
	RFC 4251 The Secure Shell (SSH) Protocol
	RFC 4252 SSHv6 Authentication
	RFC 4253 SSHv6 Transport Layer
	RFC 4254 SSHv6 Connection
	RFC 4271 A Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4)
	RFC 4273 Definitions of Managed Objects for BGP-4
	RFC 4291 IP Version 6 Addressing Architecture
	RFC 4292 IP Forwarding Table MIB
	RFC 4293 Management Information Base for the Internet Protocol (IP)
	RFC 4360 BGP Extended Communities Attribute
	RFC 4419 Key Exchange for SSH
	RFC 4443 ICMPv6
	RFC 4456 BGP Route Reflection: An Alternative to Full Mesh Internal BGP (IBGP)
	RFC 4486 Subcodes for BGP Cease Notification Message
	RFC 4541 IGMP & MLD Snooping Switch
	RFC 4552 Authentication/Confidentiality for OSPFv3
	RFC 4601 PIM Sparse Mode
	RFC 4607 Source-Specific Multicast for IP
	RFC 4724 Graceful Restart Mechanism for BGP
	RFC 4750 OSPFv2 MIB partial support no SetMIB
	RFC 4760 Multiprotocol Extensions for BGP-4
	RFC 4861 IPv6 Neighbor Discovery

Organization	Standards and protocols
	<p>RFC 4862 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-configuration</p> <p>RFC 4940 IANA Considerations for OSPF</p> <p>RFC 5059 Bootstrap Router (BSR) Mechanism for PIM, PIM WG</p> <p>RFC 5065 Autonomous System Confederation for BGP</p> <p>RFC 5095 Deprecation of Type 0 Routing Headers in IPv6</p> <p>RFC 5187 OSPFv3 Graceful Restart</p> <p>RFC 5340 OSPFv3 for IPv6</p> <p>RFC 5424 Syslog Protocol</p> <p>RFC 5492 Capabilities Advertisement with BGP-4</p> <p>RFC 5519 Multicast Group Membership Discovery MIB (MLDv2 only)</p> <p>RFC 5798 VRRP (exclude Accept Mode and sub-sec timer)</p> <p>RFC 5880 Bidirectional Forwarding Detection</p> <p>RFC 5905 Network Time Protocol Version 4: Protocol and Algorithms Specification(NTPv4)</p> <p>RFC 6620 FCFS SAVI</p> <p>RFC 6987 OSPF Stub Router Advertisement</p> <p>RFC6020 YANG - A Data Modeling Language for the Network Configuration Protocol (NETCONF)</p> <p>RFC7348 Virtual eXtensible Local Area Network (VXLAN): A Framework for Overlaying Virtualized Layer 2 Networks over Layer 3 Networks</p> <p>RFC7432 BGP MPLS-Based Ethernet VPN</p> <p>RFC4664 Framework for Layer 2 Virtual Private Networks (L2VPNs)</p> <p>RFC4665 Service Requirements for Layer 2 Provider Provisioned Virtual Private Networks</p> <p>RFC4761 Virtual Private LAN Service (VPLS) Using BGP for Auto-Discovery and Signaling</p> <p>RFC4762 Virtual Private LAN Service (VPLS) Using Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) Signaling</p> <p>RFC5120 M-ISIS: Multi Topology (MT) Routing in Intermediate System to Intermediate Systems (IS-ISs)</p> <p>RFC5280 Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile</p> <p>RFC5308 Routing IPv6 with IS-IS</p> <p>RFC5381 Experience of Implementing NETCONF over SOAP</p> <p>RFC5415 Control and Provisioning of Wireless Access Points (CAPWAP) Protocol Specification</p>
MIB	<p>HH3C-FLASH-MAN-MIB</p> <p>HH3C-ISSU-MIB</p> <p>HH3C-SYS-MAN-MIB</p> <p>HH3C-UI-MAN-MIB</p> <p>RFC1213-MIB</p> <p>HH3C-CONFIG-MAN-MIB</p> <p>HH3C-LICENSE-MIB</p> <p>HH3C-INFOCENTER-MIB</p>

Organization	Standards and protocols
	HH3C-LSW-DEV-ADM-MIB HH3C-LswDEV-MIB HH3C-LswTRAP-MIB HH3C-POWER-ETH-EXT-MIB HH3C-RES-MON-MIB HH3C-TRANSCEIVER-INFO-MIB HH3C-TRAP-MIB POWER-ETHERNET-MIB SYSLOG-MSG-MIB ENTITY-MIB HH3C-COMMON-SYSTEM-MIB HH3C-ENTITY-EXT-MIB HH3C-ENTRELATION-MIB HH3C-LswMix-MIB HH3C-STACK-MIB HH3C-LswINF-MIB HH3C-STORM-CONSTRAIN-MIB IF-MIB HH3C-IF-EXT-MIB HH3C-LswMAM-MIB HH3C-LswMSTP-MIB HH3C-LswVLAN-MIB HH3C-MAC-INFORMATION-MIB HH3C-MLAG-MIB HH3C-PROTOCOL-VLAN-MIB HH3C-PVST-MIB HH3C-QINQV2-MIB HH3C-SUBNET-VLAN-MIB HH3C-VMAP-MIB IEEE8023-LAG-MIB LLDP-EXT-DOT1-MIB LLDP-EXT-DOT1-V2-MIB LLDP-EXT-DOT3-MIB LLDP-EXT-DOT3-V2-MIB LLDP-EXT-MED-MIB LLDP-MIB

Organization	Standards and protocols
	LLDP-V2-MIB BRIDGE-MIB EtherLike-MIB HH3C-LAG-MIB HH3C-LLDP-EXT-MIB HH3C-LPBKDT-MIB HH3C-DNS-MIB HH3C-IP-ADDRESS-MIB HH3C-IPV6-ADDRESS-MIB IP-FORWARD-MIB IP-MIB IPV6-ICMP-MIB IPV6-MIB IPV6-TCP-MIB IPV6-UDP-MIB TCP-MIB UDP-MIB HH3C-ARP-RATELIMIT-MIB HH3C-DHCP4-MIB HH3C-DHCP-SNOOP2-MIB ISIS-MIB OSPF-MIB OSPF-TRAP-MIB OSPFV3-MIB RIPv2-MIB BGP4-MIB HH3C-IPRAN-DCN-MIB HH3C-MULTICAST-SNOOPING-MIB IGMP-STD-MIB IPMCAST-MIB IPV6-MLD-MIB MGMD-STD-MIB PIM-BSR-MIB PIM-STD-MIB HH3C-LswIGSP-MIB HH3C-MPM-MIB

Organization	Standards and protocols
	HH3C-VXLAN-MIB HH3C-BGP-EVPN-MIB HH3C-IFQOS2-MIB HH3C-QOS-CAPABILITY-MIB IEEE8021-CN-MIB HH3C-ACL-MIB HH3C-CBQOS2-MIB HH3C-TUNNEL-MIB HH3C-RADIUS-MIB HH3C-USER-MIB IEEE8021-PAE-MIB RADIUS-ACC-CLIENT-MIB RADIUS-AUTH-CLIENT-MIB HH3C-8021X-EXT2-MIB HH3C-DOMAIN-MIB HH3C-PORT-SECURITY-MIB HH3C-IKE-MONITOR-MIB HH3C-IPSEC-MONITOR-V2-MIB HH3C-SESSION-MIB HH3C-SSH-MIB HH3C-BFD-STD-MIB HH3C-DLDP2-MIB HH3C-RRPP-MIB HH3C-SMLK-MIB VRRP-MIB DOT3-OAM-MIB HH3C-MIRRORGROUP-MIB HH3C-NQA-MIB HH3C-NTP-MIB HH3C-RMON-EXT2-MIB RMON2-MIB RMON-MIB SFLOW-MIB StationSW-MIB DISMAN-EVENT-MIB DISMAN-PING-MIB

Organization	Standards and protocols
	DISMAN-TRACEROUTE-MIB
ITU	ITU-T Y.1731
	ITU-T Rec G.8032/Y.1344 Mar. 2010

Removable components matrix

Field replace unit	S6530X series switches	
Removable power supplies	PSR250-12A1	Supported (Power Panel Side Exhaust Airflow)
	PSR250-12A	Supported (Power Panel Side Intake Airflow)
	PSR450-12D	Supported (Power Panel Side Exhaust Airflow)
Removable fan trays	LSPM1FANSB-SN	Supported (Fan Panel Side Exhaust Airflow)
	LSPM1FANSA-SN	Supported (Fan Panel Side Intake Airflow)

Ordering information

Item	Description
Product code	LS-6530X-24X8C H3C S6530X-24X8C L3 Ethernet Switch with 24*SFP+ Ports,8*QSFP28 Ports,Without Power Supplies
	LS-6530X-48X8C H3C S6530X-24X8C L3 Ethernet Switch with 48*SFP+ Ports,8*QSFP28 Ports,Without Power Supplies
Power supply	PSR250-12A 250W AC Power Supply Module (Power Panel Side Intake Airflow)
	PSR250-12A1 250W AC Power Supply Module (Power Panel Side Exhaust Airflow)
	PSR450-12D 450W DC Power Supply Module (Power Panel Side Exhaust Airflow)
Fan	LSPM1FANSB-SN H3C Fan Module (Fan Panel Side Exhaust Airflow)
	LSPM1FANSA-SN H3C Fan Module (Fan Panel Side Intake Airflow)

- For more information about transceiver please check 'Hardware Information and Specifications' in support website.

Datasheet history

Description	Location	Date
Replace the datasheet with a new template	Full document	Dec, 2025
Add MIB in 'Standards and protocols'	Standards and protocols	Dec, 2025



New H3C Technologies Co., Limited
Beijing Headquarters
Tower 1, LSH Center, 8 Guangshun South Street,
Chaoyang
District, Beijing, China
Zip: 100102
Hangzhou Headquarters
No.466 Changhe Road, Binjiang District, Hangzhou,
Zhejiang,
China Zip: 310052
Tel: +86-571-86760000
Fax: +86-571-86760001

Copyright ©2025 New H3C Technologies Co., Limited
Reserves all rights Disclaimer: Though H3C strives to
provide accurate information in this document, we
cannot guarantee that details do not contain any
technical error or printing error. Therefore, H3C cannot
accept responsibility for any inaccuracy in this
document. H3C reserves the right for the modification
of the contents herein without prior notification.

<https://www.h3c.com>